

Kamahara, Yuta. 2023. “Errata: Public Health in the Aftermath of Civil War: A Spatial Time-Series Cross-Sectional Analysis.” *Public Choice Studies* 79: 143–156.

A Publisher did not re-proofread the first proof of my paper after I made corrections in it. Thus, in my published paper, several errata remain.

A List of Errata

page	change from	to (in red)
146 (Figure 1)	Note	Notes
147 (Figure 1)	H_{2015}	\bar{H}_{2015}
147 (line 4)	δ	δ (i.e., vector notation)
153 (endnote 1)	(Accessed on November 6, 2022)	(Accessed on November 6, 2022).
154 (References)	Ghobarah, H. A., Huth, P., and Russett, B. (2003), “Civil Wars Kill and Maim People—Long After the Shooting Stops,” <i>American Political Science Review</i> 97(2): 189–202.	Ghobarah, H. A., Huth, P., and Russett, B. (2003), “Civil Wars Kill and Maim People— Long After the Shooting Stops, ” <i>American Political Science Review</i> 97(2): 189–202.
155 (References)	Thyne, C. L. (2016), “The Legacies of Civil War: Health, Education, and Economic Development,” In T. David Mason and Sara McLaughlin Mitchell (eds.), <i>What Do We Know about Civil Wars?</i> Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield, pp. 157–175	Thyne, C. L. (2016), “The Legacies of Civil War: Health, Education, and Economic Development,” In T. David Mason and Sara McLaughlin Mitchell (eds.), <i>What Do We Know about Civil Wars?</i> Lanham, MD: Rowman & Littlefield, pp. 157–175.
192 (Abstract)	To create combined models for spatial process and time-invariant idiosyncratic and unit-invariant factors for TSCS data, I employ spatial TSCS analysis—i.e., using a spatial error model with the spillover effect of civil war and two-way fixed effects.	To create combined models for spatial process and time-invariant idiosyncratic and unit-invariant factors for TSCS data, I employ spatial TSCS analysis— i.e., using a spatial error model with the spillover effect of civil war and two-way fixed effects.